Hall Last Night.

of Abuse-Judge H. W. Flourney

Elected President-For a

Campaign Paper.

The first gun of the coming campaign was fired last night in Old Market Hall

in response to a public call for the or-

ganization of a general Bryan and Sew-

The meeting had its origin last Saturday night, when a few men gathered in

all campaign club.

SESSION OF LAWYERS ENDS.

One of the Most Enjoyable of Meetings Closes With a Brilliant Banquet.

JUDGE ROSE'S ELOQUENT ADDRESS

Abounded in Wit and Learning-The Standing Committees. The Speak. ers and Their Toasts at the Banquet.

he was dogmatic, proud, revengeful, aggressive, rade, dictatorial, peremptory, cruel, obstinate, unforgiving, tyrannical; a man far hetter suited to excite fear than love. * * Unquestionably a man of distinguished ability, and of great learning in his particular specialty." Thus the speaker summed upmost completely his excessls of Coke's character.

indicated, is devoted to a discussion of the present state of our common law, with more especial reference to the voluminous reports of decided cases, and the multifold and variegated stray of trat-books, which encumber the shelves and letog the brain

Kassachusuts; Mr. Charles E. Fenner, of New Orleans, and Judge Roger A. Pryor, of New York.

Mr. E. E. Stickley, chairman of the Committee on Admissions, reported the Committee on Admissions, reported the Collowing gentlemen as elected members of the association by that committee at the Market of the association by that committee at the mesting on yesterday: Charles Landon Scott, Amberst; J. Boyd Sears, Ma.

Committees of the association for the charles of New York.



and I am sure the most interesting part of our proceeding this year, will be the address by our invited crater; and I take

showing marks of the ens of time, but with a licentive of keen percep-il intellect, full of ele-

standstill. Hacon's novum organum, indeed, foreshadowed the advancement further of our race. He undeated-founded a new philosophy; one aggressive, progressive, never-things. One which osait with human welfare—the 'multiplying of human enloyments and the initigating of human sufferings.' One having as its repreme idea the development and perfection of all things pertaining to the welfare of the human race.

Lord Coke, said the speaker, was the embediment of the common law, un-learned in all things else, and despising all which chanced to lie without his

This recalls the address last year of Captain Charles M. Blackford, the then president of the association, in which he urged that all lawyers should devote whatever time might be available to the pursuit of literary studies, without the scope of the law, M. Indeed, anything be without that limit, for as all truth is law, whatever study has for its object the attainment of truth is legal study, and all books containing truth, as a returnal and logical consequence, are to that extent law-books.

In describing Land Coke, Judge Rose raid: "Coke was a tall, fine-looking, hand-

in describing Lord Coke, Judge Rose raid: "Coke was a tall, fine-looking, hand-some man; a man of imposing speech, strong in body, strong in mind-a vigor-was, pompous man, who never deflated; pasterful and abounding in resources;

The Ballot Boxes and Ballots Produced in Court.

POST ENTITLED TO FOUR MORE YOTES

A Deep and Abiding Belief That Fraud Has Been Perpetrated in the May Election, But the Guilty Ones Will be Hard to Detect.

in court, and the counting and examina-

Judge Barham said that he had real the law cited by counsel as bearing on their motion inade pesterday to strike out certain allegations in the complaint, and had consulted all authorities which he could find. The law on the subject, however, he said, was very meagre. He had finally come to the conclusion that a motion to strike out at this time was not a proper one, although he precorniged a motion to strike out at this time was not a proper one, although he recognized the fact that a motion of that character might be intended to save the defence the trouble and expense of being compelled to rebut triding and irrelevant allegations. This course, he said, might be proper at a certain stage, but not at this time, and he therefore, with the light on the subject that he possessed, railed that a motion to strike out could not be admitted. be admitted.

SKIRMISHING TACTICS.

The overruing of this motion disposed of the skirmishing tactics adopted by the defence, who have made a not fight to prevent the case from coming to trial, and Sheriff Milstead at once called the witnesses, a number of whom were found to be absent, and a delay ensued, while rules were issued against those who did not answer to their names, with the exception of one, who is sick, and Mr. J. L. Marye, a member of the Electoral Board, who is in Frederickshurg.

After some trouble the witnesses were gotten together, and Wyatt Home (colored), who was one of the judges of election in the Second ward, was put on the

He testified that he had lived in New-port News for eleven years. He was one of the judges in No. 2 ward, and was there from 420 May 28th until about 4 o'clock the next morning. He was there when the package of ballots was brought in

ms intention of attempting to prove there was any miscount of the ballot by the Electoral Board. They simply wished to show that there were in possession of the judges of election in the Second ward mere than twice as many ballots

as ex-ometo, a member of the files

that the ballots were not properly counted by the Board, but they were not willing to admit that the number of ballots was cor-rect when the package left the Electoral Board, but was wrong when it reached

rett stated that he had never made any lots by the Electoral Hoard should be admitted. He again gave his reasons for naving presented a petition asking Judge tearnam not to sit in the case, on account of his ex-officio connection with the Electoral Board.

ir, 'that when we begin to take the cover out of the rotten proceedings of May 25th a stench will arise to heaven. They fear that the bottom will drop out of the bucket and the swill will be spilled. fraud has been charged here-fraud that, their before we get through, will be burned study. I ask your Honor to remember that ginning of the frauds was these 1,005

"It is a question," he continued, "which is staring these election officials in the race—where did those forty-five or six additional ballots come from? They didn't just grow, as Topsy did, nor did they come from? There is something rot-

ten in Denmark."
In cencusion, Mr. Bickford said: "We ask that your Honor will not unduly namper us in this case. These swindling practices cannot continue at the ballot-box without danger to our institutions. We ask that you will add in exposing this nith, which has been as sedulously, but urtn, which has been so sedulously hid-

oen.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Rickford insinuated that the action and manner of Judge Brooke seemed to intimate that he feared his side of the case would not receive justice. When the latter rose to his feet he vehemently denied that he had by thought, word, or deed conveyed such al idea.

Continuing, he declared that he was perfectly satisfied that Judge Barham would fairly and conscientiously try the case. "If any one," he said, "has charged him (Judge Barham) with fraud, it is the gentleman of the other side."

Electoral Board had "knowingly and wrongfully," as charged delivered 1.695 ballots to the judges of election in the Second Ward, it made no difference, and would not affect the result of the election; therefore, he could see no use under heaven in introducing it.

When Judge Brooke concluded Judge Barham said that his understanding of the agreement between counsel in regard

Barham said that his understanding of the agreement between counsel in regard to the correctness of the count of the ballots by the Electoral Board was that when Mr. Garrett had admitted in his peti-tion that he (Judge Barham) should not sit in the case, the latter had said that he would not sit if this question were in issue. Mr. Garrett said that if he were not the presiding Judge, he would be wanted as a witness to prove that the ballots were correctly counted. Mr. Bickballots were correctly counted. Mr. Bick-ford said that his side would admit that the ballots were correct when they left the Electoral Board.

THE JUDGE OFFERS TO VACATE

"Upon this admission," said Judge Barham, "I decided to sit, but if there is now any question about it, I will vacate the bench now."

Counsel on both sides declared their willingness to admit that the board had counted the ballots correctly, but Judge Brooke still insisted on his objection to the question asked Wyatt Roane, and court adjourned until 2 o'clock, while Judge Barham considered this point.

AFTERNOON SESSION

AFTERNOON SESSION. AFTERNOON SESSION.

It was 2:30 o'clock when Judge Barham again took his seat on the bench. Counsel on either side cited several other authorities in support of their respective positions, after which Judge Barham announced that he had decided to sustain the objection of Judge Brooke to the testimony of Wyatt Roane regarding the 1:005 ballots. His reason for this decision was that even if the fact were proven it would have had no effect on the result of the election. The examination of Wyatt Roane was then resumed.

He stated that he End locked on while

mation of Wyait Roane was then resumed.

He stated that he had looked on while the ballots were being handled and had examined them closely.

"Were many of them marked in the same manner, do you think?" asked Mr. Bickford. "And if you think so, tell me why you do."

"Many of them seemed to be marked in the same manner with a pencil," replied the witness.

Here Judge Brooke again interposed an objection, on the ground that the witness was not an expert in such matters. Another thresome argument followed, which was rather enlivened, however, by Mr. Bickford's scathing arraignment of the judges of election in the Second Ward, he declaring that they were all tarred with the same vick, and he had no confidence in them.

A MUTE WITNESS. A MUTE WITNESS.

He concluded by requesting Judge Bar-ham to have the hallot-box introduced in court as a mute witness. In order that t might be seen what appeared upon heir faces. He denied that the ballots were a good witness, but said that he wished the judge to send himself and may them produced in court. Judge Brooke and also Mr. Garrett contended that the ballots were the best

was in existence.
"We will stand by the evidence of the ballot-box," said Judge Brooke,
"The Court has no objection to taking the burden upon itself," said Judge Barham, "Mr. Clerk, brag in the ballots

THE BALLOTS IDENTIFIED. "Are these the ballots which were cast in the Second Ward?" asked Mr. Bick-

face of each one.

It being apparent at 4 o'clock that nothing further could be done this after-

MUCH INTEREST.

Interest continues to grow in this case, among the spectators in the courtroom to-day being prominent merchants and business men. There is a deep and abiling belief among the better element here that great fraud was committed in the election of May 28th, but there is some fear expressed that the men, who some rear expresses that the first have so clererly arranged matters that their crime cannot be brought home to them.

BALLOTS COUNTED.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., July 16.—Spe-

The Bourbon Prince to Marry the Daughter of an Austrian Archduke. VIENNA, July 16.—Prince Louis Philippe

Robert, Due d' Orleans, son of the late Comte de Paris and head of the house of Hourbon-Orienns, was formally betrothed at Alesuth Castle, in Hungary, yesterday afternoon to the Archduchess Maire Doro-thea Amelie, daughter of the Archduke

recent in support of his position. He de-charge that his opponents ferred that in the investigation of what they called eighth year. His betrothed is more than a year older than the Duke, having been was Formed and Did wide Danage.

Dorn at Alexath Castle, her lather's seat, on June 14, 1867. Her father is the grandson of an Emperor of Austria, and a mear relative of the Emperor Francis Joseph, being the son of the latter's granduncie. He is very popular with the reported, cause loss of life. There were reported, cause loss of life. There were reported, cause loss of life. There were reported, cause loss of life.

Tennessee, who was at one time nomina-bed for permanent chalfman of the Chi-cago convention, intimates that he is in-cilined not to serve on the Democratic Executive Committee. He says:

I have been for a year very much overworked, and while I feel as deep an in-terest as ever in the silver movement, I am selfishly inclined to take upon myself no more responsibilities at present. I shall remain in Washington only four or five days longer, and then go home until after our August election. I am strongly

Peary Expedition Sails. SYDNEY, C. B., July 16.—The steamer Hope, with Lieutenant Peary's Arctic expedition on board, sailed from here to-day on her northern voyage of explora-tion. Besides the Cornell University and "If any one," he said, "has charged him (Judge Barham) with fraud, it is the gentleman of the other side."

WOULD NOT AFFECT THE CASE.
Coming down to the question at issue,
Judge Brooko contended that even if the

ONE OF A FISHING PARTY IN QUEBEC.

To All Appearances He Retired in Good Realth and Spirits-Heart Disease Supposed to Have Caused His Death-A Remarkable Young Politician.

ST. ADELAIDE DE PABOS, QUE, July 16.—Ex-Governor William E. Russell, of Massachusetts, arrived here from Boston yesterday and pitched his tent for a few days fishing. He was accompanied by his brother and Francis Peuboty. They all retired early last night, the ex-Governor apparently in good health and spirita. Upon his companions trying to arouse him this marning they discovered that he was dead. Death must have resulted from heart disease. The position of the body and the expression on the dead mair's face showed that his death was painless.

D. After an inquest this afternoon, the remains were taken at once to his home, in Boston.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

To be Governor of Massachusetts is, as it has been since the bestiming of the republic, an bot, or to any man Doubly great is it when the man who becomes Governor has but lately attained manhood. This honor came to William Eustis Russell, who was horn in Cambridge, Mass. Jantary 6, 1857.

He attended the public schools there and entered Harvard College at the early are of sixteen. One of his college-maies was Emmons Blaine. After Russel graduated, which was in 1877, he entered the Law School of Boston University, and

THE NORTH CAROLINA STORMS.

A BRYAN AND SEWALL CLUB. Organized With a Whoop at Old Market ENTHUSIASTIC SPEECHES DELIVERED



the office of Mr. W. A. Duan and dis-

the once of Mr. A. A. Dunn called the meeting to order last high, and he at once planged into the bush est at nand, and being apparently confident that there was enough elequence in the audience awaiting a chance, he refrained from indicator in recliminary remarks.

audience awaiting a chance, he refrained from indulging in preliminary remarks.

A Committee on Permanent Organization was appointed, consisting of Messrs. John A. Curtis, P. St. G. Barraud, George N. Skipwith, E. C. Walthall, C. W. Saunders, Henry Cohen, and Jefferson Walkee. These gentiemen retired, and while they were deciding the matter of officers, loud calls were made for Colonel Meade Harkins, and in response that gentiemen took the platform. After a brief retrospection of the various Democratic gatherings held in the Old Market Hail. Colonel Haskins said:

COLONEL HASKINS VIEWS "I want everybody to know unequivocally where I stand upon the present issue. I attended the State Convention at Staumton and did all in my power to advance the cause of the maintenance of the single gold standard. We fought the best we could, and we lost, and there at Staumton I laid down my arms.

"I have no retractions to make for

the best we could, and we lost, and there at Staunton I laid down my arms.

"I have no retructions to make for anything I did there; I have no apologies to make for my course now. I submissively yield and subordinate my opinion to the will of the majority, which I conceive to be sound Democratic principle, and I fervently nope that in the contest to come the right may triumph."

Colonel Haskins declared that there would be two parties—Democratic and Republican—and then proceeded to define the position of each. The success of the Democratic party, he said, meant the rule of the intelligent people in this State. He denounced the Republican party as one been of anmosities and fed upon pyejudices and passion. He further charged the present state of financial distress to the thirty-two years' of rule by ethat party.

"The newspapers," said he, "say that there are three ways of avoidance of the endorsement of the Chicago platform. The first was by the naming of a third ticket. This, he said, was but an indirect aid to McKinley, and should not be considered by Democratis.

The second was to refrain from voting.

by Democrats.
The second was to refrain from voting.
This he declared was equivalent to giving Mckiniey one-half vote, and he all citizens to come forward and vote to a man.

The third way is to rote directly for McKinley. "This I at first considered ! joke," he said, "and even now, my rriends, I will not ask you not to do this for I have too much confidence in your



MR. THOMAS B. MURPHY (One of the Vice-Presidents of the club.) loyalty to countenance even the sugges-

Colonel Haskins declared that he had no abuse for those who differed in opinion with him, and although the silver men had been called repudiators and anar-chists he did not believe that any good cause could be defeated by such outbursts.

stand together in the coming election. At the composition of Colonel Haskins' speech to the reported the fol-

President Jy V. Flournoy, with the following vice-sidents: Ciny ward, E. Walthal, Jackson ward, mes B. Doherty, Jenerson ward, Meade Haskirs.

Marshall ward, John A. Curtis. Monroe ward, George McD. Blake. Secretary, George N. Skipwith. Treasurer, W. T. Hancock. THE JUDGE IN EARNEST. Judge Flournoy accepted the presidency of the new club, and, in doing so, spoke

of the new club, and, in doing so, spoke in part as Ioliows:

"I never accepted an honor with greater pleasure in all my life than I do this chairmanship for this campaign. I recognize the fact that the canvas will be a neated and earnest one, and I am straid truttrul of personal feeling and personal conflict, but I never in all my life felt better equipped for a campaign.

"I surrendered my liberties thirty-one years ago at Appomattox, and now I feel

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

kerson, Bristol, R. T. Irvine, Big Slone top; Lucien H, Cocke, Roanoke, Committee on Legislation and Law Reform-W W. Old, Norfolk, W. P. Me-Rae, Petersburg; George J. Hundley, Amelia; H. R. Miller, Danville; N. C. Manson, Jr., Lynchburg; S. V. Southall, Charlottesville; John B. Minor, Riehmond; D. Gardiner Tyler, Sturgeon Point; John B. Donovan, Mathews Courthouse; W. D. Cardwell, Hanover Courthouse, J. K. M. Norton, Alexandria, M. B. Wunder, Woodstock; S. H. Letcher, Lexington; W. M. Pierce, Christiansburg; J. W. Chapman, Tazewell; R. M. Page, Abingdon; E. M. Fuiton, Wise; M. P. Burks, Fedford City.

Committee on Grievances J. L. Hub-rd Norfolk: Francis R. Lassiter, Peters-surg: J. P. Fitzgerald, Farmville; James J. Harrison, Danville; John H. Lewis, Spechlourg, Lowis T. Hanckel, Char-Lynchburg, Lewis T. Hanckel, Charintheville, A. E. Chalmers, Richmond,
Fen. T. Gunter, Jr. Accounce; C. E.
Cary, Gloocester; Frank V. Winston,
Louisa, S. Carroll Chancellor, Leesburg;
D. C. O'Flaherty, From Royal; Thomas
C. Elder, Staunten; Benj, Haden, Fincantle, S. D. May, Tazewell, H. F. Buchanan, Marion; C. T. Duncan, Jonesville; R. Handolph Hicks, Roanoke.
Committee on Judiciary—J. C. Parker,
Franklin; Charles Hall Davis, Petersburg;
R. O. Southall, Amelia; Chaude A. Swan-

Franklin: Charles Hall Davis, Petersburg;
R. G. Southall, Amelia; Claude A. Swanson, Chatham; A. R. Louig, Lynchbarg;
P. P. Barbour, Gordonsville; L. L. Lewis,
Richmond; James H. Fletcher, Accomack, W. W. Woodward, Saluda; W.
A. Jones, Wareaw; R. Walton Moore,
Fairfax; Marshall McCormick, Berryville;
William A. Anderson, Lexington; Walter
R. Staples, Christiansburg; A. A. Campbell, Wytheville; H. G. Peters, Bristol;
H. C. McDowell, Jr., Big Stone Gap;
John Goode, Bedford City.
Legal Education and Admission to the
Bar-James Lewis Anderson, Richmond;

Bar-James Lewis Anderson, Richmond; E. W. Saunders, Rocky Mount; Eppa Hunton, Jr., Warrenton; W. D. Dabney, University of Virginia; Conway R. Sands,

Henrico,
Library and Legal Literature—Ro. M.
Hughes, Norfolk, Charles M. Blackford,
Lynchburn: William M. Life, University
of Virginia: Charles A. Graves, Lexington, Wyndham R. Meredith, Richmond. THE DECEASED MEMBERS. THE DECEASED MEMBERS.

Mr. R. G. H. Kean, of Lynchburg, chairman of the Committee on Deceased Members, abnounced that the committee had prepared memorials on the three members of the association who had died during the past year, viz.; Judga Taylor Berry, of Amberst; William Dalton Warren, of Charlottesville, and Colonel John Edmund Perro, of Roanoke. These memorials were received and ordered to be published in the records of the association.

five to confer with like committees ap-pointed by other bar associations of the United States, and take action looking

(Continued on Second Page.)

THE MAYORALTY MUDDLE.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., July 16.—Special.—Not a great deal of progress was

tion of the lafter. MOTION OVERRULED. When court convened this morning

SKIRMISHING TACTICS.

He further explained that this action was taken since Judge Barham himself

BUTH JUDGE AND JURY. Mr. Bickford, in reply, held that the question and answer was admissible

"Iney fear," he excisimed, dramatical

A CONUNDRUM.

left that institution three years later at the head of his class.

His early public life was in small beginnings when he became a councilman of Cambridge. In 1885, when only twenty-eight years of age, he became Mayor of Cambridge, and was re-elected for three terms. He abundoned politics and went into business, but in 1888 he was called into the field again by the clamor of his as the most available man in all Massachusetts for the Democratic patry. As he main the campaign against Ames in the face of great odds, no one was surther face of great odds, no one

Mr. Russell inherited a love for pointes
from two generations.
Mr. Russell's strong speech in favor of
the gold standard at the Jefferson celebration of the National Association of
Democratic Clubs, held at Monticello
recently is still frosh in the memory
of The Times' readers. He was associated
with Senator Hill and ex-Secretary Whitney in the Chicago Convention.

CEMETERY WALL A DAM.

It Only Held Water Until a Small Lake Was Formed and Dld Much Damage. senator Harris Will Not Serve.

Washington, D. C., July 16.—The veteran Senator Isham G. Harris, of Teanessee, who was at one time nominable for permanent chairman of the Chicago convention, intimates that he is inclined not to serve on the Democratic Executive Committee. He says: is surrounded with a ten-foot stone wall. The wall retained the water until it formed a lake ten feet deep. Then the wall gave way, and the water damaged or demolished all the houses on the opposite side of Butler street, facing the cemetery.

The damage in Pittsburg and Alleshany City, at a moderate estimate, will reach

City, at a moderate estimate, will reach \$600,000. Poth the Alienhany and Monon-Northwestern Texas, and rest for a month or so."

Senator Harris thinks that Washington will be the headquarters of the committee.

TO COMMAND THE TEXAS, List of Officers Ordered to Report Monday.

Other Naval Orders.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.-The following naval orders were issued to-day:
The following officers are ordered to report on the United States stramship Texas on the 20th; Captain Glass, to command; Lieutenant-Commander J. D. Kedy, Lieufrom the Naval Academy: Lieutenant B. M. Doyle, from the Naval Academy: Lieutenants D. M... W. Coffman, from the Naval Academy: 73.

A Plan for a Site for the Vance Monument.

men here in Asheville, who do not ap-prove of either and threaten to bolt. The Southern Dental Association will

Base Ball—The Professors Take Summer Vacation—A Young Man III.

WAKE FOREST, N. C., July 16.—Special.—The Wake Forest base-ball team went to Danville to play a series of games with the Danville team. The series consists of three games, two of which have been heard from The first, played on Monday, resulted it a score of 4 to 0 in favor of Danville. The second score was: Danville, 9; Wake Forest, 9.

Professor J. H. Garrell, who is now in Germany, has written a very interesting article for the Wake Forest Student on "The Raptists in Germany." Next month he will spend in France, and will there write on "The Baptists in France." George W. Pachall, Ph. D., from Chicago University, was elected by the trusters last week as assistant professor of Latin and Greek. Mr. Pachall graduated from this fastitution, and is said to have been one of the hest students at Chicago. Dr. W. B. Royall, professor of Greek, is at Merebead City taking a needed rest. Mr. Needham Margum, a very prominent young man of this community, is very ull with typhold-pneumonia. It is much feared that he will not recover.

MISS TILLMAN KILLED.

The South Carolina Senator's Daughter The South Carolina Senator's Daughter Struck by Lightning in North Carolina. COLUMBIA, S. C., July 15.—Miss Addie Thiman, the eldest child of Senator Tillman, and her escort, the Rev. Robert A. Lee, pastor of the Episcopal church at Yorkville, this State, were killed by the same boil of lightning at Brevard, N. C., yesterday lafternoon. They were ascend Rich Mountain, six miles from Breyard. When nearly to the summit a thunder-storm overtook the party. All except Miss Tillman, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Mccept Miss Tillman, Mr. Lee, and Mr. Me-Neely rode on to a house, some distance ahead. These three stopped for Mr. Mc-Neely to exchange horses with Miss Till-man on account of hers being afraid of the thunder. The rain came up, and they sought shelter under some bushes, near which was a large oak tree. The tree was struck by lightning, which instantly killed Miss Tillman, Mr. Lee, and their norses. Mr. McNeely, though a short distance away, was unburt.

Miss Tillman was twenty years old, and would have made her debut in Washington society next winter. The news only reached here this morning, and no par-

Gold Reserve, \$96,166,292. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—Gold withdrawals to-day amounted to \$440,000, leaving the reserve at the close of business at \$88,169,202. None of the gold withdrawn was for export.

ticulars were received until to-night, when

sort, where the casualty occurred.

WEATHER FORECAST. WASHINGTON D. C., July 16 .- Forecast for Friday; Virginia-Showers early Friday morn-ing, clearing by noon; northerly winds, becoming variable.

RANGE OF THE ... OMETER.

The following was the range of the thremometer at The Times office yesterday: 9 A. M., 84: 12 M., 86; 3 P. M., 84; 6 P. 82; 9 P. M., 71; 12 M., 70. Average,